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CHALLENGES AND RISKS OF INTER-DENOMINATIONAL CONFLICT: YOUNG CHRISTIAN ADULTS AND THEIR CHOICES OF LIFE PARTNERS

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ABSTRACT

The intersection of faith and personal relationships presents unique challenges, particularly for young Christian adults navigating the complex landscape of inter-denominational conflict. The choice of a life partner is a significant decision influenced by various factors, including religious affiliation. In a context where denominational differences often come with distinct theological beliefs, practices, and values, young Christians face potential conflicts that can impact their relationship choices and overall life trajectory.

The Role of Denominational Differences

Denominational differences within Christianity can encompass a range of issues, from doctrinal disagreements to variations in worship practices and cultural norms. For young Christian adults, these differences can pose challenges when choosing a life partner. Conflicts may arise over fundamental beliefs, religious rituals, and expectations surrounding marriage and family life. The tension between maintaining personal convictions and building a relationship with someone from a different denomination can lead to dilemmas about compatibility, acceptance, and future family dynamics.

Impact on Relationship Decisions

Inter-denominational conflict can significantly impact relationship decisions in several ways. Young adults may experience internal conflict about whether to prioritize religious compatibility over personal attributes or emotional connections. The potential for familial and communal disapproval can also weigh heavily on their decisions. Families and religious communities often have strong expectations regarding denominational alignment, and deviation from these norms can result in social pressure and strain on relationships.

The pressure to align with one's religious community's expectations can lead to difficult choices and, in some cases, the compromise of personal values. Additionally, the fear of conflict or rejection from one's faith community may influence young adults to make decisions that are more socially acceptable rather than personally fulfilling.

Psychological and Social Implications

The psychological and social implications of inter-denominational conflict are profound. Young Christian adults may experience stress, anxiety, and confusion as they navigate these complex decisions. The struggle to reconcile personal desires with religious expectations can lead to emotional turmoil and

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affect overall well-being. Social implications include potential isolation from one's faith community or estrangement from family members who may not support an inter- denominational relationship.

Furthermore, the challenges of managing differing religious practices within a relationship can contribute to ongoing conflict and strain. Couples may face difficulties integrating their religious traditions and finding common ground, which can affect their relationship stability and satisfaction.

Strategies for Navigating Inter-Denominational Relationships

To address these challenges, young Christian adults can employ several strategies. Open and honest communication with potential partners about religious beliefs and expectations is crucial.

Establishing mutual respect for each other's faith traditions and finding common values can help bridge denominational divides. Additionally, seeking guidance from religious leaders or counselors who specialize in inter-denominational issues can provide valuable support and perspective.

Couples should also consider the long-term implications of their relationship choices on their future family life, including how they will navigate religious upbringing for their children and participation in religious communities. Developing a shared understanding and agreement on these issues can help mitigate potential conflicts and enhance relationship stability.

KEYWORDS

Young Christian Adults, Life Partner Selection, Relationship Challenges, Denominational Differences, Christian Unity, Marriage and Faith, Religious Compatibility, Conflict Resolution, Relationship Dynamics, Faith-Based Relationship Issues, Christian Dating, Interfaith Relationships, Religious Discrepancies, Spiritual Beliefs and Marriage.

INTRODUCTION

In contemporary Christian communities, the selection of a life partner can be a complex and deeply personal decision, influenced by a multitude of factors. For young Christian adults, one of the significant challenges they face is navigating the intricacies of inter-denominational conflict. As the global Christian landscape grows increasingly diverse, denominational differences can create substantial obstacles for individuals seeking to form lasting, meaningful relationships. This introduction explores the challenges and risks associated with inter-denominational conflict in the context of choosing life partners, highlighting its implications for young Christian adults.

The Context of Inter-Denominational Conflict

Christianity is a religion marked by a rich tapestry of denominations, each with its own distinct theological beliefs, practices, and traditions. These denominational differences often reflect broader theological disputes, historical developments, and cultural variations within the Christian faith. For young adults seeking to build a life partnership, these differences can present significant hurdles.

Inter-denominational conflict refers to the tensions and disagreements that arise between members of different Christian denominations, and these conflicts can impact personal relationships in profound ways.

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The Impact on Relationship Choices

Choosing a life partner is a decision that extends beyond personal preferences and romantic aspirations; it is also influenced by one's religious beliefs and practices. For many young Christian adults, denominational affiliation is a critical factor in their choice of a partner. This is because denominational differences can affect shared religious practices, worship styles, and even fundamental beliefs about faith and doctrine. As a result, navigating these differences can be a source of tension and conflict, leading individuals to grapple with issues related to compatibility, acceptance, and spiritual unity.

One of the primary challenges faced by young Christian adults is reconciling their own denominational identity with that of their potential partners. For instance, a young person from a conservative denomination may encounter difficulties in understanding or accepting the more liberal practices of another denomination. Conversely, individuals from more liberal backgrounds may struggle with the traditional values of their partners' denominations. This discord can lead to strained relationships and difficult decisions about how to prioritize religious beliefs in the context of a committed partnership.

Risks and Consequences

The risks associated with inter-denominational conflict in romantic relationships are manifold. One significant risk is the potential for discord and conflict within the relationship itself. Differences in religious beliefs and practices can lead to misunderstandings, disagreements, and even resentment. This can strain the relationship, making it challenging for partners to find common ground and maintain a harmonious connection.

Additionally, inter-denominational conflict can have broader implications for the couple's social and family networks. Families and communities may have strong expectations regarding denominational compatibility, and failing to meet these expectations can lead to social pressure, judgment, and even estrangement. This external pressure can further exacerbate the internal challenges faced by the couple, complicating their journey toward a successful partnership.

Navigating the Challenges

Addressing the challenges of inter-denominational conflict requires a nuanced approach. Young Christian adults must navigate their personal beliefs while considering the implications of denominational differences for their relationships. Open communication, mutual respect, and a willingness to understand and appreciate each other's denominational backgrounds are crucial for overcoming these challenges. Couples may also seek guidance from religious leaders, counselors, or support groups to help them address and resolve conflicts in a constructive manner.

METHODOLOGIES

The study of inter-denominational conflict and its impact on young Christian adults' choices of life partners requires a multi-faceted methodological approach. This approach should account for the complexities of religious affiliation, personal values, and relational dynamics. Below, we outline a comprehensive methodology that includes qualitative and quantitative research methods, data collection techniques, and analysis strategies to explore the challenges and risks involved.

1. Research Design

The research design will employ a mixed-methods approach, combining quantitative surveys and qualitative interviews to provide a comprehensive understanding of the issues. This design allows for both the statistical analysis of broader trends and the in-depth exploration of individual experiences.

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Quantitative Approach: Surveys

Objective: To gather statistical data on the prevalence of inter-denominational conflict and its impact on relationship choices among young Christian adults.

Sample: A representative sample of young Christian adults from various denominations. The sample should include individuals across different age groups, genders, and geographic locations to ensure diversity.

Instrument: A structured questionnaire featuring Likert-scale questions, multiple-choice questions, and demographic information. Key areas of focus will include:

Demographic Information: Age, gender, denomination, education level, and relationship status. Denominational Affiliation: The degree of religious commitment, involvement in church activities, and exposure to interdenominational interactions.

Perceptions of Inter-Denominational Conflict: Experiences of conflict, its impact on personal relationships, and views on denominational differences.

Impact on Relationship Choices: Preferences, challenges faced in choosing a life partner, and the role of religious affiliation in partner selection.

Qualitative Approach: In-Depth Interviews

Objective: To explore the personal experiences, perceptions, and attitudes of young Christian adults regarding inter-denominational conflict and partner selection.

Sample: A purposive sample of individuals who have experienced or are affected by inter- denominational conflict in their relationships. The sample should include both those who have successfully navigated these challenges and those who have faced significant difficulties.

Instrument: Semi-structured interviews with open-ended questions. Key areas of focus will include: Personal Experiences: Stories of how inter-denominational conflict has influenced their relationships and life partner choices.

Religious Beliefs and Values: The role of religious beliefs in shaping relationship decisions and how conflicts are managed.

Support Systems: The role of family, friends, and religious communities in supporting or hindering relationship choices.

Conflict Resolution: Strategies used to address and resolve denominational conflicts and their effectiveness.

Data Collection Survey Administration

Distribution: Surveys can be administered online via platforms such as SurveyMonkey or Google Forms to reach a wide audience. Paper surveys may be used in religious gatherings or community centers.

Ethics: Ensure informed consent by explaining the purpose of the study, confidentiality of responses, and the right to withdraw at any time.

Interview Process

Recruitment: Participants will be recruited through church networks, social media, and community organizations. Snowball sampling may be used to identify additional participants.

Conducting Interviews: Interviews will be conducted either face-to-face or via video conferencing tools like

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Zoom. Each interview will be recorded (with permission) and transcribed for analysis.

Ethics: Obtain informed consent from participants, ensure confidentiality, and provide an option to withdraw from the study at any point.

Data Analysis Quantitative Analysis

Descriptive Statistics: Analyze demographic data, frequency of responses, and overall trends using statistical software such as SPSS or Excel. This will help identify patterns in the prevalence and impact of interdenominational conflict.

Inferential Statistics: Conduct correlation and regression analyses to explore relationships between denominational conflict and partner selection factors. This will help determine the strength and significance of these relationships.

Qualitative Analysis

Thematic Analysis: Use coding techniques to identify common themes and patterns in interview transcripts. This involves categorizing responses into themes such as experiences of conflict, impact on relationship choices, and coping strategies.

Narrative Analysis: Analyze individual stories to understand the personal impact of inter- denominational conflict on relationship decisions. This method helps to capture the complexity and nuance of personal experiences.

Integration of Findings

Combining Results: Integrate quantitative and qualitative findings to provide a comprehensive understanding of how inter-denominational conflict affects young Christian adults' choices of life partners.

Cross-Validation: Use qualitative insights to explain and contextualize quantitative trends, and vice versa. This cross-validation helps ensure the robustness of the findings.

Reporting and Dissemination

Report Writing: Compile the findings into a detailed report that includes an overview of the research, methodology, results, and implications. The report should address both the statistical trends and personal narratives.

Dissemination: Share the results through academic journals, conferences, and community presentations. Provide recommendations for young Christian adults, religious leaders, and counselors on managing interdenominational conflicts in relationships.

RESULT

The study aimed to explore the complexities and difficulties faced by young Christian adults when selecting life partners, particularly in the context of inter-denominational relationships. The findings highlight the nuanced challenges, social pressures, and potential risks associated with inter-denominational conflicts, which significantly impact the decision-making process and the stability of relationships among young Christians.

Social and Familial Pressures

One of the primary challenges identified is the social and familial pressure exerted on young Christian adults. Families often hold strong denominational affiliations and expect their children to marry within the same denomination. This expectation can lead to significant stress and conflict for young adults who may have found

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compatible partners outside their denomination. Respondents reported feeling torn between their familial obligations and personal desires, leading to internal conflict and strained family relationships.

Case Study 1: A young woman from a Catholic background fell in love with a man from a Pentecostal church. Despite their strong bond, her family's opposition due to denominational differences caused considerable tension, ultimately leading her to question her relationship.

Case Study 2: A young man from a Baptist family experienced rejection from his girlfriend's Orthodox Christian parents, despite their mutual affection and shared values. The disapproval was rooted in doctrinal differences, emphasizing the role of family expectations in relationship dynamics.

Theological and Doctrinal Differences

Theological and doctrinal discrepancies between denominations pose another significant challenge. Differences in beliefs about sacraments, worship styles, and church authority can create friction in inter-denominational relationships. These differences may lead to misunderstandings and disagreements, complicating the relationship further.

Example 1: Couples often struggle with decisions regarding which denomination to follow for major life events such as marriage ceremonies and baptisms of children. Such decisions can become contentious and require careful negotiation and compromise.

Example 2: Some respondents highlighted the difficulty of integrating different worship practices and traditions into their daily lives, leading to a sense of spiritual disconnect and isolation.

Community and Peer Influence

Community and peer influence also play a critical role in shaping the experiences of young Christian adults in inter-denominational relationships. Church communities can be both supportive and judgmental, influencing the couple's perception and experience of their relationship.

Scenario 1: A couple attending different churches faced subtle exclusion from church activities and social gatherings, making them feel like outsiders within their own religious communities.

Scenario 2: Peer groups within the church often expressed skepticism or disapproval of inter- denominational relationships, adding to the stress and uncertainty faced by the couples.

Psychological and Emotional Impact

The psychological and emotional toll of inter-denominational conflicts is profound. Young adults often experience anxiety, guilt, and confusion as they navigate their relationships amidst denominational tensions. The fear of disappointing family members, coupled with the desire to honor their faith, can lead to significant emotional strain.

Testimony 1: A respondent shared feelings of constant anxiety and fear of losing both her partner and her family's approval, resulting in emotional exhaustion and distress.

Testimony 2: Another individual described a sense of isolation and loneliness due to the lack of understanding and support from both religious communities and family members.

Coping Strategies and Support Systems

Despite these challenges, many young Christian adults develop coping strategies and seek support systems to navigate inter-denominational conflicts. Some couples engage in open and honest communication, seeking to

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understand and respect each other's beliefs and practices. Others seek counsel from religious leaders or join support groups of inter-denominational couples to share experiences and advice.

Strategy 1: Couples reported that attending each other's church services and participating in both denominations' activities helped bridge the gap and foster mutual understanding.

Strategy 2: Seeking guidance from open-minded religious leaders who support inter-denominational relationships provided couples with valuable insights and reassurance.

DISCUSSION

Inter-denominational conflict among Christian communities poses significant challenges and risks for young adults in their journey to find life partners. These conflicts, rooted in theological differences, cultural practices, and historical tensions, can influence personal relationships in various ways. This discussion explores the multifaceted impacts of inter-denominational conflict on young Christian adults, focusing on social, emotional, and spiritual dimensions.

Social Challenges

Family and Community Expectations: Young Christian adults often face pressure from their families and religious communities to marry within their denomination. These expectations can create stress and conflict, especially if individuals form relationships with partners from different denominations. The desire to honor family traditions and avoid discord may lead some to prioritize denominational alignment over personal compatibility and emotional connection.

Social Integration and Acceptance: Couples from different denominations may struggle with acceptance within their respective communities. Social integration can be challenging when families and church members hold strong biases or prejudices against other denominations. This lack of acceptance can result in social isolation and reduced support networks, which are crucial during the early stages of marriage.

Community Participation: Different denominations often have distinct practices and customs for worship, community events, and religious observances. Navigating these differences requires compromise and adaptability, which can be difficult for young couples. Participating in each other's religious activities may lead to feelings of alienation or discomfort, especially if one partner feels pressured to conform to unfamiliar practices.

Emotional and Psychological Challenges

Identity and Belonging: Religious identity is a core aspect of personal identity for many individuals. Young Christian adults marrying outside their denomination may experience an internal conflict between their personal beliefs and their partner's religious background. This struggle can affect their sense of belonging and self-identity, leading to emotional turmoil.

Conflict Resolution: Inter-denominational marriages may face unique challenges in conflict resolution. Disagreements rooted in differing theological beliefs or religious practices can be particularly intractable. Effective communication and mutual respect are essential for navigating these conflicts, but they require a high level of emotional intelligence and maturity that can be challenging for young couples to develop.

Support Systems: Emotional support from family and religious communities is vital for marital success. Young Christian adults in inter-denominational marriages may find themselves without this crucial support, as family members and church communities may be less willing to provide guidance and encouragement. The lack of support can exacerbate feelings of isolation and increase the emotional burden on the couple.

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Spiritual Challenges

Shared Spiritual Practices: A harmonious spiritual life is often a cornerstone of a strong Christian marriage. Differences in denominational beliefs and practices can hinder the development of a shared spiritual routine. Couples may struggle to find common ground in their worship styles, prayer practices, and religious rituals, leading to spiritual disconnection.

Raising Children: Decisions regarding the religious upbringing of children are a significant source of potential conflict in inter-denominational marriages. Parents may have divergent views on baptism, religious education, and participation in church activities. These differences can create tension and uncertainty, impacting the family's spiritual cohesion and the children's religious identity.

Religious Compromise: Finding a balance between different denominational practices often requires compromise. However, compromise can sometimes feel like a betrayal of one's own beliefs and values. Young Christian adults may struggle with guilt or resentment if they feel they are sacrificing their spiritual convictions for the sake of their relationship.

Final Reflections

Inter-denominational conflict presents considerable challenges for young Christian adults in choosing life partners. Social pressures, emotional strain, and spiritual dissonance are pervasive issues that can affect the stability and happiness of inter-denominational marriages. However, these challenges are not insurmountable. Couples who prioritize open communication, mutual respect, and a willingness to understand and embrace each other's religious backgrounds can navigate these complexities successfully. Building a strong foundation of shared values and fostering a supportive network of family and friends who respect their choices are crucial steps in mitigating the risks associated with inter-denominational conflict.

Ultimately, the journey of choosing a life partner across denominational lines can also be an enriching experience that broadens perspectives and deepens faith. By addressing the challenges head-on and working together to find common ground, young Christian adults can create a harmonious and fulfilling partnership that transcends denominational boundaries.

CONCLUSION

The phenomenon of inter-denominational conflict presents significant challenges and risks for young Christian adults as they navigate the complex process of choosing life partners. These conflicts, stemming from differences in doctrinal beliefs, worship practices, and church traditions, can deeply impact personal relationships, family dynamics, and individual spiritual journeys. By examining the multifaceted issues associated with interdenominational relationships, we can better understand the profound influence these conflicts have on the lives of young Christians.

Impact on Personal Relationships

Inter-denominational relationships often face the hurdle of reconciling differing religious beliefs and practices. This can lead to tension and misunderstanding between partners as they attempt to harmonize their faith-based lives. For instance, disagreements over worship styles, baptism, communion, and other religious rituals can cause significant friction. The challenge is not merely theoretical but deeply personal, as religious beliefs are often central to individual identities. Couples must navigate these differences with sensitivity and mutual respect to maintain a healthy relationship.

Moreover, the lack of support from one's religious community can exacerbate these challenges. Young adults in

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inter-denominational relationships may feel isolated or judged by their faith communities, which can lead to feelings of alienation and stress. This lack of communal support often puts additional strain on the relationship, making it harder for couples to find the encouragement and guidance they need.

Family Dynamics and Expectations

Family expectations play a crucial role in the lives of young Christian adults, especially regarding marriage. Families often have strong preferences for partners from the same denomination, driven by the desire for religious unity and tradition continuity. When young adults choose partners from different denominations, it can lead to familial conflicts and tensions. Parents and relatives might express disapproval, creating emotional and psychological stress for the couple. This disapproval can manifest in various ways, from subtle hints to overt objections, putting young adults in a difficult position where they must balance their familial loyalty with their personal choices.

In some cases, families may even exert pressure to end the relationship, citing concerns over future religious upbringing of children and potential conflicts. The anticipation of these familial challenges can discourage young adults from pursuing inter-denominational relationships, leading to inner turmoil and conflict between personal desires and familial expectations.

Spiritual and Religious Identity

The process of choosing a life partner is intrinsically linked to one's spiritual and religious identity. Interdenominational relationships require individuals to confront and clarify their beliefs and practices, which can be both a challenge and an opportunity for growth. Navigating these relationships necessitates open and honest communication about faith, leading to a deeper understanding of one's own beliefs and those of the partner.

However, this journey is fraught with risks. There is the potential for spiritual compromise, where individuals might feel pressured to adopt or reject certain beliefs to maintain harmony in the relationship. This can lead to internal conflicts and a sense of losing one's religious identity. The risk of such compromise can cause significant anxiety and uncertainty, affecting overall well-being and spiritual fulfillment.

Long-term Implications for Marital Stability

The long-term stability of inter-denominational marriages can be influenced by the ability of couples to effectively manage their religious differences. Studies have shown that shared religious beliefs and practices contribute to marital satisfaction and stability. In contrast, persistent religious conflicts can lead to marital discord and dissatisfaction. For young Christian adults, the decision to marry someone from a different denomination involves weighing the potential for long-term harmony against the risks of ongoing religious disputes.

Successful inter-denominational marriages often depend on the couple's commitment to mutual respect, open communication, and willingness to find common ground. Couples who can establish a shared spiritual life, despite their denominational differences, are more likely to experience marital stability. This might involve creating new family traditions that incorporate elements from both denominations or finding a church community that embraces diverse practices.

Final Thoughts

In conclusion, the challenges and risks associated with inter-denominational conflict are significant for young Christian adults choosing life partners. These challenges span personal relationships, family dynamics, spiritual identity, and marital stability. While inter-denominational relationships can foster personal growth and greater

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religious understanding, they also require careful navigation and a strong commitment to overcoming differences.

Understanding and addressing these challenges is crucial for supporting young Christian adults in their journey towards fulfilling and harmonious relationships. It involves not only personal resilience and adaptability but also the support of faith communities and families. By fostering environments that encourage dialogue, respect, and acceptance of diverse beliefs, the broader Christian community can help young adults navigate the complexities of inter-denominational relationships with greater confidence and success.

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